Cybersecurity & Avoiding Identity Theft

Dark Web, Social Engineering, & Scams

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Topics

03

O1 Key threats

O2 Identity Theft
Definition and types

ImpactReal-world consequences

Protecting Yourself
Best practices

Responding

Immediate actions

Access the slides

Resources
For further learning



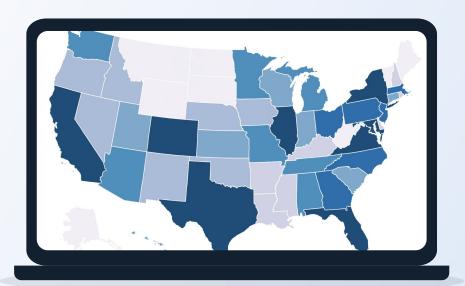


Introduction

Cybersecurity & Identity Theft







457,398

Cybersecurity job openings in the United States

Cybersecurity

The practices, technologies, and processes designed to protect digital systems, networks, and sensitive information from cyber threats.



Importance of Cybersecurity



Cyberattacks

Threats and attacks are continually on the rise



Data

Personal and financial data continues to increase in value



Impact

Individuals, businesses, and governments

Motives for Cyberattacks

Political

Financial

Status

Espionage



Protest

Angry /
Interfere with
elections



Money

Small scale to large scale



Fame

On the dark web or public acknowledgement



Sabotage

Trade secrets
Technical
schematics

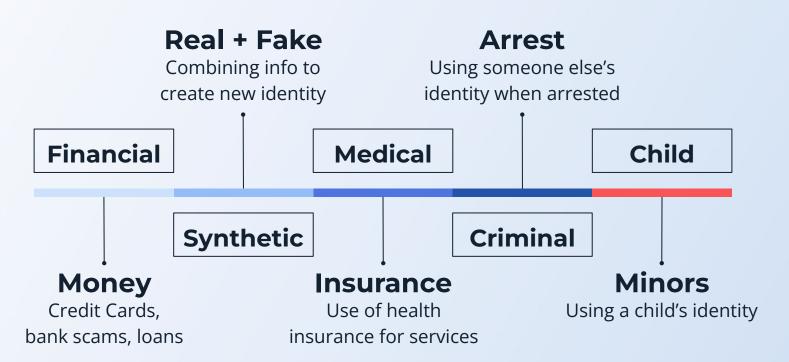


ID Theft

Occurs when someone unlawfully uses another person's personal information for fraud or deception.

(e.g., name, Social Security number, credit card information)

Types of Identity Theft



www.identitytheft.gov

O2 Identity Theft Key terms







Understanding ID Theft



Phishing

"Friendly" email to steal login credentials



Social Engineering

Manipulating people to get sensitive info



Smishing

Fake text and phone calls to trick victims



Skimming

Devices placed on ATMs and gas pumps to get credit card info



Data Breaches

Exposure of records (e.g., Equifax, Target)



Weak Passwords

Reusing passwords on multiple sites makes them vulnerable







Dark Web

Common web browser No login required

Common web browser Login required

Special web browser Login/no login



Criminals sell personal data, credit card numbers, and Social Security numbers

Examples

\$5 for credit card number \$250 for medical record (\$1-\$1,000)



Buyer

Uses the stolen data for fraud, blackmail, and identity theft



03 Impact Consequences of identity theft



Personal Consequences



Financial Loss

Unauthorized transactions, loans, & debts in your name



Legal Issues

May have to prove your innocence



Credit Damage

Lower credit score, difficulty getting loans



Stress

Emotional & Psychological Victims often feel isolated, stressed, and anxious

Business & Organizational



Legal & Compliance Issues

Companies face lawsuits if they fail to protect customer data



Reputation Damage

Loss of customer trust after a data breach



Operational Disruptions

Cyberattacks can shut down business operations

04

Protecting Yourself

Against identity theft





Best Practices for Individuals



MFA

Strong passwords & multi-factor authentication



Updates

Software, operating systems, & anti-virus software



Stop...Think

Never click on suspicious links in email or texts



Monitor

Check financial accounts, credit reports, & use monitoring service



Lock Screen

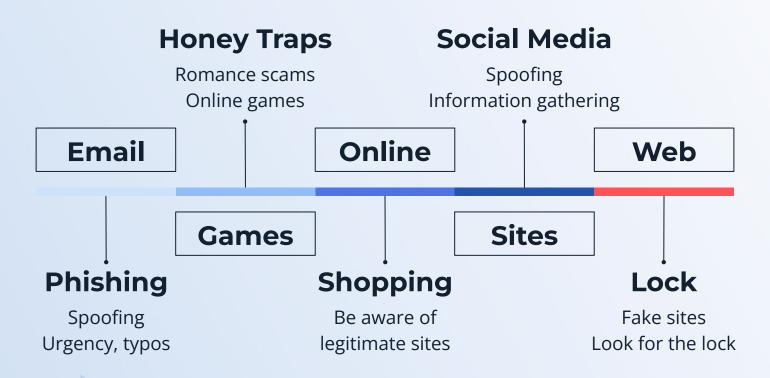
Secure personal devices



Freeze Credit

When necessary to prevent accounts from being opened

Cyber Scams



Identity Theft Protection

lost wallet protection	24x7 support	reimbursement
Credit score monitoring	Court records & bookings	Banks
Dark Web monitoring	US Postal Service (redirect)	Sex offenders
Social media monitoring	SSN (addresses)	Driver's license

10 Day Security Fix

REVIEW / EDIT / DEL	REMOVAL & OPT OUT	MINDSET
Make 3 lists: devices, accounts, people	Data Brokers	Secure & Skeptical
Reused passwords: change Old accounts: edit & delete Previous posts: review & delete Social media: privacy setting	Search your name Search your address This can take time	Freeze/Monitor Credit VPN Temporary CC number Keep devices & apps updated

!@#\$ PASSWORDS %^&*

Longer passwords are better. Avoid top 100.

Try Bitwarden. It's free!

- Use consumer reports to find pw manager
- Share passwords across devices
- Create strong passwords
- Audit passwords

Passwords can still end up on the darkweb!

Use multi-factor authentication.



Best Practices for Business

Awareness Training

Cybersecurity training for employees

Security Audits

Identify and mitigate vulnerabilities

Strong Security Policies

Using encryption and secure password policies

Data Protection

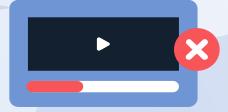
Encrypt sensitive information & secure servers



Responding

To Identity Theft





Immediate Actions

Bank & Cards

Credit Bureau

Police & FTC

Bank & Credit





Call to report fraudulent transactions



Alert

Place a fraud alert or freeze your credit



Report

Contact law enforcement & IdentityTheft.gov



Monitor

Watch for further unauthorized activity



Fraudulent charges and accounts



Work to recover your credit score



Prevent

Avoid future incidents





Resources

Takeaways and further learning







Key Takeaways

- Use strong, unique passwords & enable multi-factor authentication (MFA)
- Monitor your credit reports and financial statements regularly
- Freeze your credit if you're not applying for loans or credit
- Be cautious of phishing scams and social engineering tactics
- Avoid sharing personal information over email, text, or phone calls



Government & Law Enforcement Resources

- IdentityTheft.gov (FTC)
 - Official Federal Trade Commission (FTC) site for reporting identity theft.
 - Provides step-by-step recovery plans.
- USA.gov Identity Theft
 - Government guide on preventing and responding to identity theft.
- Federal Trade Commission (FTC) Consumer Information
 - Information on identity theft prevention and fraud alerts.
- Social Security Administration (SSA) Identity Theft Help
 - Steps to take if your Social Security number is stolen.
- FBI Cyber Crime Division (Internet Crime Complaint Center IC3)
 - Report cybercrime and identity theft-related fraud.
- US Department of Justice (DOJ) Identity Theft
 - Legal guidance and identity theft protection tips.

Credit Monitoring & Fraud Alerts

- AnnualCreditReport.com
 - The only **official** site to get a **free credit report** from Equifax, Experian, and TransUnion once a year.
- Credit Bureaus (for Fraud Alerts & Freezes):
 - Equifax (1-888-298-0045)
 - Experian (1-888-397-3742)
 - TransUnion (1-800-680-7289)

Non-Profit & Consumer Protection

- Identity Theft Resource Center (ITRC)
 - Free victim assistance and education.
- Better Business Bureau (BBB) Scam Tracker
 - Report identity theft scams.
- Privacy Rights Clearinghouse
 - Information on privacy protection and identity theft prevention.
- National Cybersecurity Alliance (NCSA)
 - Cybersecurity tips and identity theft prevention resources.

Dark Web & Data Breach Monitoring

- Have I Been Pwned
 - Check if your email or personal data has been leaked in a data breach.
- Dark Web Monitoring Services:
 - Experian Dark Web Scan (Experian)
 - Norton LifeLock Dark Web Monitoring (Norton)
 - Identity Guard (<u>Identity Guard</u>)

ID Theft Protection & Recovery Services

- <u>LifeLock by Norton</u>
 - Paid identity theft monitoring and recovery services.
- ID Watchdog
 - Identity theft resolution and credit monitoring.

Cybersecurity is everyone's responsibility.

Stay aware, stay secure!



Thanks

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